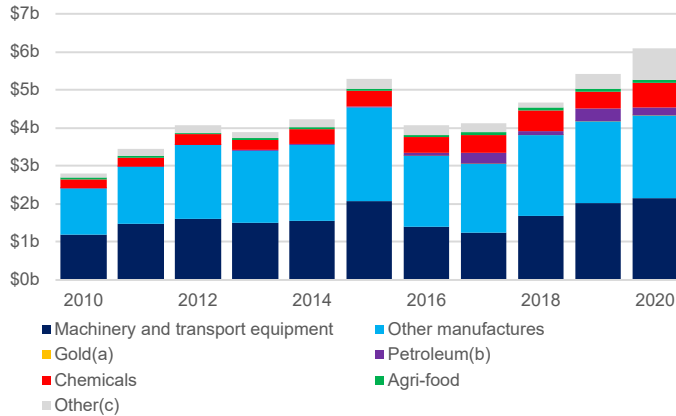


Teacher resource

Trade profiles - Western Australian imports

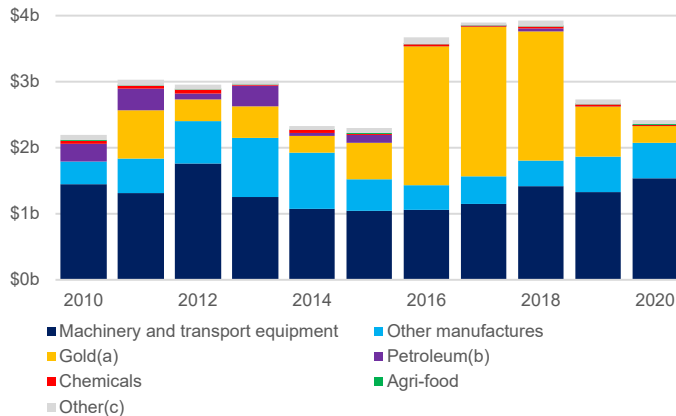
Western Australia's imports of goods from China: Calendar years



(a) For further refining and re-export. (b) Crude and refined petroleum oils. (c) Confidential items and minerals. Source: ABS 5368.0 International Trade in Goods and Services, Australia (Monthly).

- China was Western Australia's largest market for goods imports in 2020.
- China accounted for 18% of Western Australia's goods imports in 2020.
- Western Australia imported \$6.1 billion of goods from China in 2020, above the annual average of \$4.5 billion over the past 10 years.
- Other manufactures accounted for 36% of Western Australia's goods imports from China in 2020, followed by machinery and transport equipment (35%) and chemicals (11%).

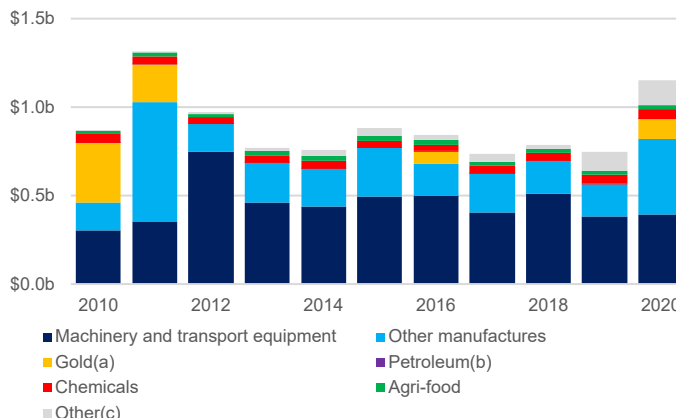
Western Australia's imports of goods from Japan: Calendar years



(a) For further refining and re-export. (b) Crude and refined petroleum oils. (c) Confidential items and minerals. Source: ABS 5368.0 International Trade in Goods and Services, Australia (Monthly).

- Japan was Western Australia's 4th largest market for goods imports in 2020.
- Japan accounted for 7% of Western Australia's goods imports in 2020.
- Western Australia imported \$2.4 billion of goods from Japan in 2020, below the annual average of \$3.0 billion over the past 10 years.
- Machinery and transport equipment accounted for 64% of Western Australia's goods imports from Japan in 2020, followed by other manufactures (22%) and gold (10%).

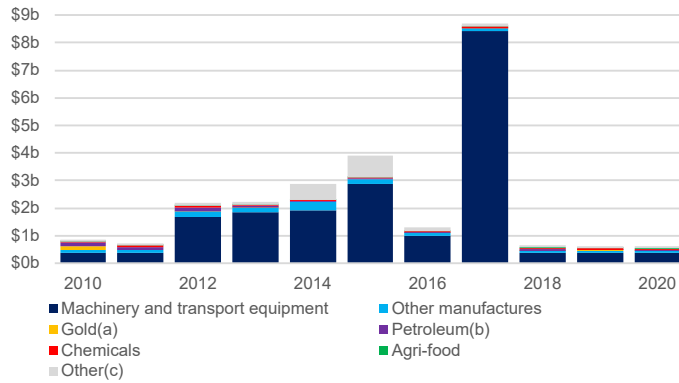
Western Australia's imports of goods from the United Kingdom: Calendar years



(a) For further refining and re-export. (b) Crude and refined petroleum oils. (c) Confidential items and minerals. Source: ABS 5368.0 International Trade in Goods and Services, Australia (Monthly).

- The United Kingdom was Western Australia's 6th largest market for goods imports in 2020.
- The United Kingdom accounted for 3.5% of Western Australia's goods imports in 2020.
- Western Australia imported \$1.2 billion of goods from the United Kingdom in 2020, above the annual average of \$897 million over the past 10 years.
- Other manufactures accounted for 37% of Western Australia's goods imports from the United Kingdom in 2020, followed by machinery and transport equipment (34%) and gold (10%).

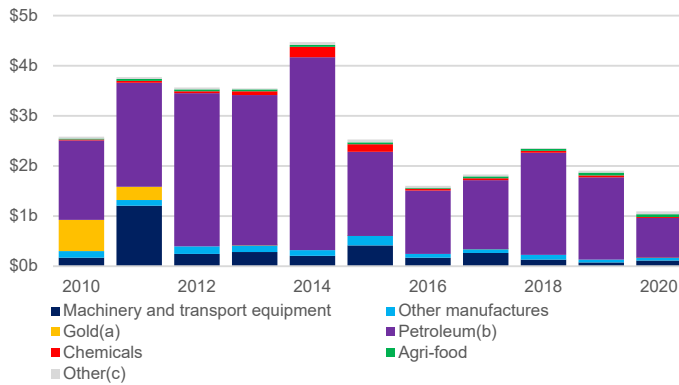
Western Australia's imports of goods from South Korea: Calendar years



Note – The high value of imports in 2017 was due to the arrival of the Prelude floating LNG plant.
 (a) For further refining and re-export. (b) Crude and refined petroleum oils. (c) Confidential items and minerals.
 Source: ABS 5368.0 International Trade in Goods and Services, Australia (Monthly).

- South Korea was Western Australia's 14th largest market for goods imports in 2020.
- South Korea accounted for 1.8% of Western Australia's goods imports in 2020.
- Western Australia imported \$612 million of goods from South Korea in 2020, below the annual average of \$2.4 billion over the past 10 years.
- Machinery and transport equipment accounted for 62% of Western Australia's goods imports from South Korea in 2020, followed by other manufactures (13%) and chemicals (6%)

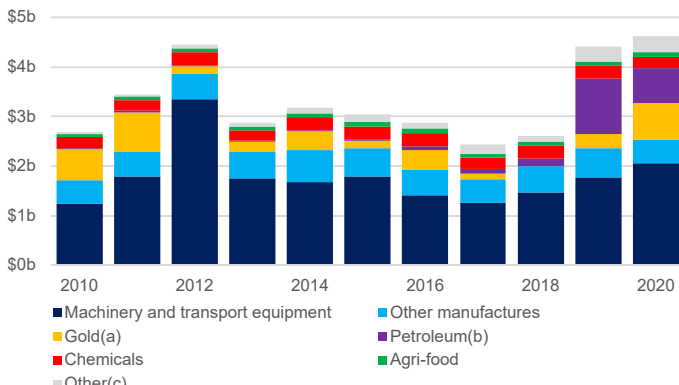
Western Australia's imports of goods from Singapore: Calendar years



(a) For further refining and re-export. (b) Crude and refined petroleum oils. (c) Confidential items and minerals.
 Source: ABS 5368.0 International Trade in Goods and Services, Australia (Monthly).

- Singapore was Western Australia's 7th largest market for goods imports in 2020.
- Singapore accounted for 3.3% of Western Australia's goods imports in 2020.
- Western Australia imported \$1.1 billion of goods from Singapore in 2020, below the annual average of \$2.7 billion over the past 10 years.
- Petroleum accounted for 71% of Western Australia's goods imports from Singapore in 2020, followed by machinery and transport equipment (11%) and other manufactures (5%).

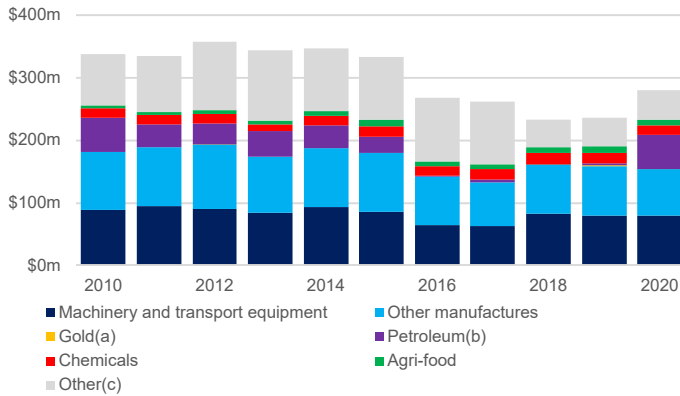
Western Australia's imports of goods from the United States: Calendar years



(a) For further refining and re-export. (b) Crude and refined petroleum oils. (c) Confidential items and minerals.
 Source: ABS 5368.0 International Trade in Goods and Services, Australia (Monthly).

- The United States was Western Australia's 2nd largest market for goods imports in 2020.
- The United States accounted for 14% of Western Australia's goods imports in 2020.
- Western Australia imported \$4.6 billion of goods from the United States in 2020, above the annual average of \$3.4 billion over the past 10 years.
- Machinery and transport equipment accounted for 45% of Western Australia's goods imports from the United States in 2020, followed by gold (16%) and petroleum (15%).

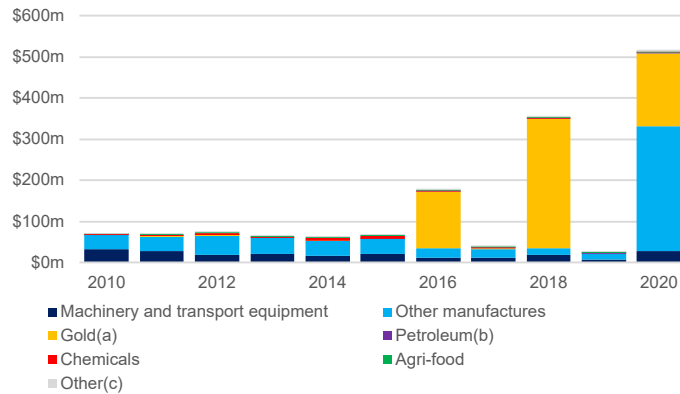
Western Australia's imports of goods from Taiwan: Calendar years



(a) For further refining and re-export. (b) Crude and refined petroleum oils. (c) Confidential items and minerals. Source: ABS 5368.0 International Trade in Goods and Services, Australia (Monthly).

- Taiwan was Western Australia's 26th largest market for goods imports in 2020.
- Taiwan accounted for 0.8% of Western Australia's goods imports in 2020.
- Western Australia imported \$280 million of goods from Taiwan in 2020, below the annual average of \$300 million over the past 10 years.
- Machinery and transport equipment accounted for 28% of Western Australia's goods imports from Taiwan in 2020, followed by other manufactures (27%) and petroleum (20%).

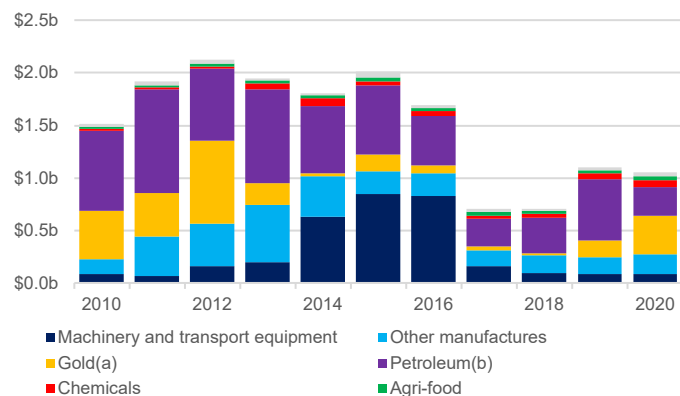
Western Australia's imports of goods from Hong Kong: Calendar years



(a) For further refining and re-export. (b) Crude and refined petroleum oils. (c) Confidential items and minerals. Source: ABS 5368.0 International Trade in Goods and Services, Australia (Monthly).

- Hong Kong was Western Australia's 16th largest market for goods imports in 2020.
- Hong Kong accounted for 1.6% of Western Australia's goods imports in 2020.
- Western Australia imported \$517 million of goods from Hong Kong in 2020, above the annual average of \$146 million over the past 10 years.
- Other manufactures accounted for 59% of Western Australia's goods imports from Hong Kong in 2020, followed by gold (34%) and machinery and transport equipment (5%).

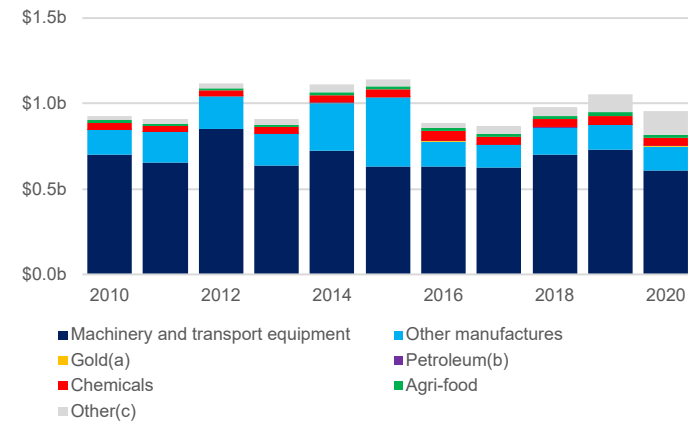
Western Australia's imports of goods from Indonesia: Calendar years



(a) For further refining and re-export. (b) Crude and refined petroleum oils. (c) Confidential items and minerals. Source: ABS 5368.0 International Trade in Goods and Services, Australia (Monthly).

- Indonesia was Western Australia's 8th largest market for goods imports in 2020.
- Indonesia accounted for 3.2% of Western Australia's goods imports in 2020.
- Western Australia imported \$1.1 billion of goods from Indonesia in 2020, below the annual average of \$1.5 billion over the past 10 years.
- Gold accounted for 35% of Western Australia's goods imports from Indonesia in 2020, followed by petroleum (26%) and other manufactures (18%).

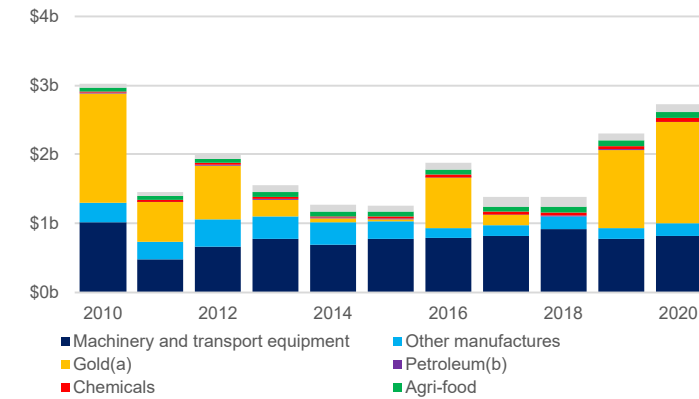
Western Australia's imports of goods from Germany: Calendar years



(a) For further refining and re-export. (b) Crude and refined petroleum oils. (c) Confidential items and minerals. Source: ABS 5368.0 International Trade in Goods and Services, Australia (Monthly).

- Germany was Western Australia's 9th largest market for goods imports in 2020.
- Germany accounted for 2.9% of Western Australia's goods imports in 2020.
- Western Australia imported \$1.0 billion of goods from Germany in 2020, in line with the annual average of \$1.0 billion over the past 10 years.
- Machinery and transport equipment accounted for 64% of Western Australia's goods imports from Germany in 2020, followed by other manufactures (15%) and chemicals (5%).

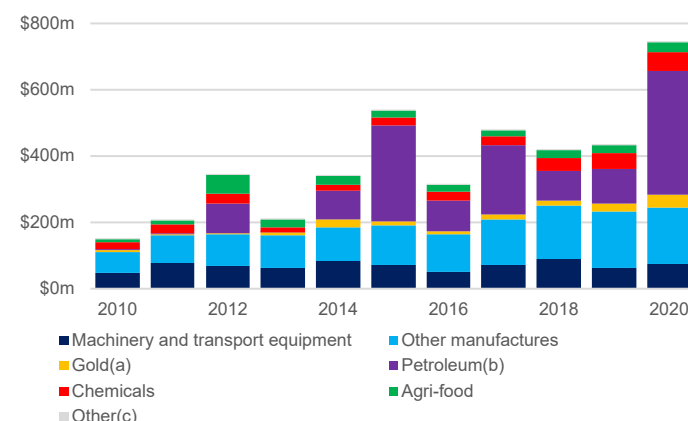
Western Australia's imports of goods from Thailand: Calendar years



(a) For further refining and re-export. (b) Crude and refined petroleum oils. (c) Confidential items and minerals. Source: ABS 5368.0 International Trade in Goods and Services, Australia (Monthly).

- Thailand was Western Australia's 3rd largest market for goods imports in 2020.
- Thailand accounted for 8% of Western Australia's goods imports in 2020.
- Western Australia imported \$2.7 billion of goods from Thailand in 2020, above the annual average of \$1.7 billion over the past 10 years.
- Gold accounted for 54% of Western Australia's goods imports from Thailand in 2020, followed by machinery and transport equipment (30%) and other manufactures (7%).

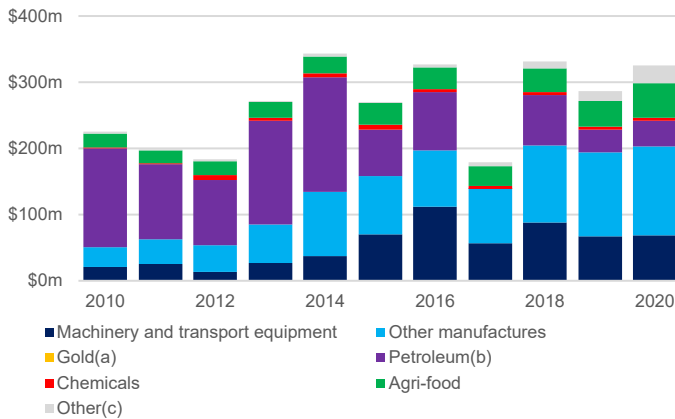
Western Australia's imports of goods from India: Calendar years



(a) For further refining and re-export. (b) Crude and refined petroleum oils. (c) Confidential items and minerals. Source: ABS 5368.0 International Trade in Goods and Services, Australia (Monthly).

- India was Western Australia's 11th largest market for goods imports in 2020.
- India accounted for 2.3% of Western Australia's goods imports in 2020.
- Western Australia imported \$747 million of goods from India in 2020, above the annual average of \$403 million over the past 10 years.
- Petroleum accounted for 50% of Western Australia's goods imports from India in 2020, followed by other manufactures (23%) and machinery and transport equipment (10%).

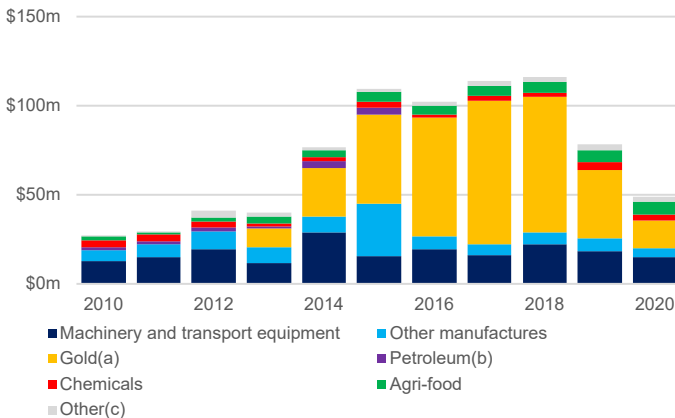
Western Australia's imports of goods from Vietnam: Calendar years



(a) For further refining and re-export. (b) Crude and refined petroleum oils. (c) Confidential items and minerals. Source: ABS 5368.0 International Trade in Goods and Services, Australia (Monthly).

- Vietnam was Western Australia's 23rd largest market for goods imports in 2020.
- Vietnam accounted for 1.0% of Western Australia's goods imports in 2020.
- Western Australia imported \$325 million of goods from Vietnam in 2020, above the annual average of \$271 million over the past 10 years.
- Other manufactures accounted for 41% of Western Australia's goods imports from Vietnam in 2020, followed by machinery and transport equipment (21%) and agri-food (16%).

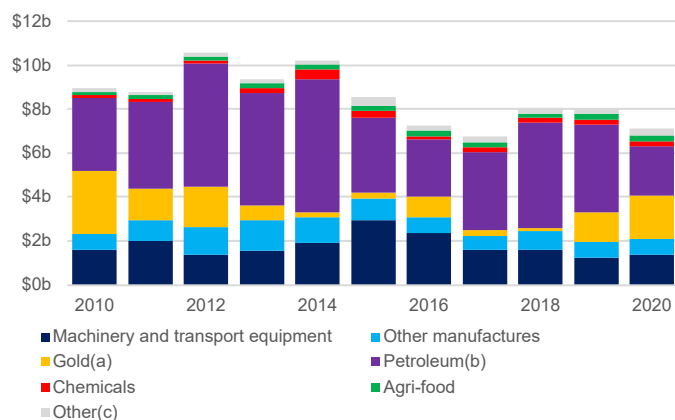
Western Australia's imports of goods from the Philippines: Calendar years



(a) For further refining and re-export. (b) Crude and refined petroleum oils. (c) Confidential items and minerals. Source: ABS 5368.0 International Trade in Goods and Services, Australia (Monthly).

- The Philippines was Western Australia's 48th largest market for goods imports in 2020.
- The Philippines accounted for 0.1% of Western Australia's goods imports in 2020.
- Western Australia imported \$49 million of goods from the Philippines in 2020, below the annual average of \$76 million over the past 10 years.
- Gold accounted for 32% of Western Australia's goods imports from the Philippines in 2020, followed by machinery and transport equipment (31%) and agri-food (15%).

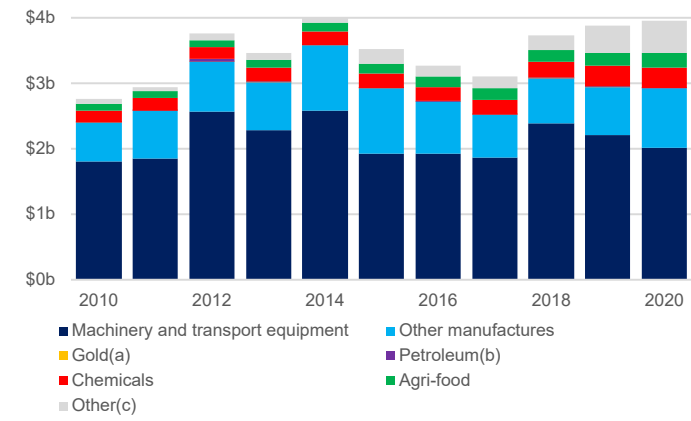
Western Australia's imports of goods from ASEAN: Calendar years



(a) For further refining and re-export. (b) Crude and refined petroleum oils. (c) Confidential items and minerals. Source: ABS 5368.0 International Trade in Goods and Services, Australia (Monthly).

- ASEAN accounted for 22% of Western Australia's goods imports in 2020.
- Western Australia imported \$7.1 billion of goods from ASEAN in 2020, below the annual average of \$8.5 billion over the past 10 years.
- Petroleum accounted for 31% of Western Australia's goods imports from ASEAN in 2020, followed by gold (27%) and machinery and transport equipment (19%).

**Western Australia’s imports of goods from the EU:
 Calendar years**



(a) For further refining and re-export. (b) Crude and refined petroleum oils. (c) Confidential items and minerals.
 Source: ABS 5368.0 International Trade in Goods and Services, Australia (Monthly).

- The EU accounted for 12% of Western Australia’s goods imports in 2020.
- Western Australia imported \$4.0 billion of goods from the EU in 2020, above the annual average of \$3.6 billion over the past 10 years.
- Machinery and transport equipment accounted for 65% of Western Australia’s goods imports from the EU in 2020, followed by other manufactures (29%) and chemicals (10%).

Acknowledgement

References

Department of Jobs, Tourism, Science and Innovation (DJTSI), Government of Western Australia, April 2021, ‘Western Australia’s economy and international trade’ <
<https://www.wa.gov.au/government/publications/western-australias-economy-and-international-trade>> accessed on 22 June 2021

